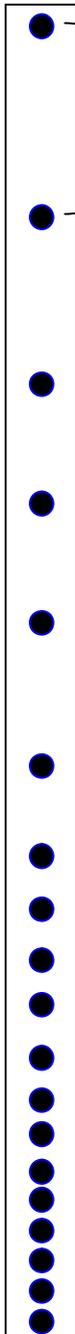


**211\_ How to determine the acceleration rate using a paper timer:**

- 1) Count the number of dots and divide by 60 to determine the amount of seconds
- 2) Determine the distance between the last two dots.
- 3)  $V_o$  would be 0m/s because you are falling from rest.
- 4)  $V_f$  would be distance of the last two dots (in meters)  $\div$  0.0167 (1 dot is  $1/60^{\text{th}}$  of a second)
- 5)  $t = \text{total number of dots} \div 60$
- 6) Use the equation  $a = (V_f - V_o) \div t$  for acceleration
- 7) Use the equation  $D = \frac{1}{2} a t^2$  for determining the distance

Determine the acceleration rate?  
And the distance traveled?

$10\text{mm} = 1\text{cm}$  $\text{cm} = \frac{10^{-2} \text{ m}}{\text{cm}}$
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4.00cm = (3sig figs)

Distance 1 dot = .0167seconds (3 sig figs)

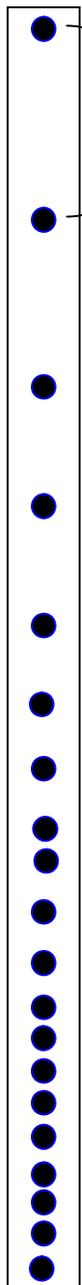
= a

$D = \frac{1}{2} a t^2$  $D =$  $D =$
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**Worksheet****How to determine the acceleration rate using a paper timer:**

- 8) Count the number of dots and divide by 60 to determine the amount of seconds
- 9) Determine the distance between the last two dots.
- 10)  $V_o$  would be 0m/s because you are falling from rest.
- 11)  $V_f$  would be distance of the last two dots (in meters)  $\div$  0.0167 (1 dot is  $1/60^{\text{th}}$  of a second)
- 12)  $t$  = total number of dots  $\div$  60
- 13) Use the equation  $\mathbf{a} = (\mathbf{V}_f - \mathbf{V}_o) \div t$  for acceleration
- 14) Use the equation  $\mathbf{D} = \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a} t^2$  for determining the distance

Determine the acceleration rate?  
And the distance traveled?



$$3.80\text{cm} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{m} \quad (3\text{sig figs})$$

$$10\text{mm} = 1\text{cm}$$

$$\text{cm} = \frac{10^{-2} \text{m}}{\text{cm}}$$

$$\text{Distance 1 dot} = .0167\text{seconds} \quad (3 \text{ sig figs})$$

$$= a$$

$$D = \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$D =$$

$$D = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{m}$$